Technical Tips

Coloring Process Cheese using Naturally Derived (Non-Synthetic) Ingredients

Consumer demand for snacks, prepared meals, and sandwiches has increased the market for process cheese. Retail sales of process cheese now exceed \$2.2 billion* in the United States. Process cheese accounts for 15 to 20 percent of the U.S. retail market for cheese overall. In a finished process cheese product, annatto pigment content is typically 15 to 20 ppm.

Process cheese is generally a blend of one or more natural cheeses with water and emulsifying salts heated to a homogeneous consistency, poured into a mold, and cooled. Other ingredients may include whey, casein, dry milk, cream, lactose and coloring. Some process cheese contains gums, sweeteners, vegetables, herbs and spices.

* Mintel International Group Limited



Forms of Process Cheese

Block/loaf	Spread
Sliced	Sauce or dip
Shredded	'Spray can'
Stick	Cold-pack

Standard of Identity

Pasteurized process cheese Pasteurized process cheese food Pasteurized process cheese spread Cold-pack cheese food Others

Non Standard of Identity

Process cheese 'prepared cheese product'
Process cheese sauce
Process cheese dip
Cold-pack spread
Others

Individually Wrapped Slices (IWS)	%			
Uncolored white cheddar	61.0			
Cheddar cheese	20.0			
Non fat dairy milk solids	3.0			
Sodium citrate and phosphate blends	1.6			
Water	14.3			
Annatto, oil soluble (Product 423033) 0.1 or Annatto/Paprika (Product 428034)				
Total	 100%			

Cold-pack Spread**	%
Cheddar cheese (aged 6 months)	41.15
Cream	28.51
Water	20.25
Delactosed whey powder	5.15
Mayonnaise	3.75
Salt	0.75
Sorbic acid	0.20
Xanthan gum	0.20
Annatto extract (Product 423033)	0.04

^{**}University of Wisconsin Process Cheese Seminar



For samples or technical questions, please e-mail us at info@ddwmson.com

More C

100%

Total

Annatto/paprika blend* provides cost advantage vs. alternative



Annatto/Paprika 1310 Product 428034



Beta-apo-8' carotenal

Factors associated with pinking	Solutions to avoid pinking		
Prolonging loaf cooling cycles	Stack loaves for optimum air flow during cooling		
Using emulsifying salts with higher ratios of sodium citrate to disodium phosphate	Select emulsifying salts with a higher ratio of disodium phosphate to sodium citrate		
Including natural cheese colored with norbixin in the formulation	Minimize (less than 25%) the use of norbixin colored natural cheese in the formulation		
pH of the process cheese is below 5.5	Adjust the pH of the process cheese with disodium phosphate and trisodium phosphate to above pH 5.5		
Using acid whey in the formula	Use sweet whey in place of acid whey		
Adding annatto (bixin) to the pre-warmed or hot cheese	Add coloring to cheese prior to the heating process		
Adding sorbic acid and annatto simultaneously	Prevent the annatto and sorbic acid from blending with each other during addition		

Typical DDW natural colors** for process cheese					
Product	Concentration	Product number	Dosage %	Hue	
Annatto OS 07	0.7% Bixin	423030	0.01 – 0.10		
Annatto OS 07 KP***		423031		VII	
Certified Organic Annatto OS 07		423007		Yellow to orange	
Annatto OS 15	1.5% Bixin	423033			
Annatto/Paprika OS 1310	1.3% Bixin 10,000 CU Paprika	428034	0.005 – 0.10	Orange	
Annatto/Paprika OS 1218	1.2% Bixin 18,000 CU Paprika	428035		Orange to red	

^{**} Custom products are available upon request



For samples or technical questions, please e-mail us at info@ddwmson.com

^{*}Stored 7 months @ 4°C

^{***} Kosher for Passover